

Danger

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

### Nitrous oxide

 Reference number:
 093A

 Revision date:
 29/07/2021
 Supersedes version of:
 02/02/2021
 Issue date:
 01/01/2012
 Version:
 14.0

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier		
Trade name		: Nitrous oxide
SDS no		: 093A
Chemical description		: Nitrous oxide
		CAS-No. : 10024-97-2
		EC-No. : 233-032-0 EC Index-No. :
REACH registration No		: 01-2119970538-25-0011
Chemical formula		: N2O
1.2. Relevant identified	l uses of the substance or	r mixture and uses advised against
Relevant identified uses		: Industrial and professional uses. Perform risk assessment prior to use.
		Medical applications.
Uses advised against		: Do not inhale product on purpose because of the risk of asphyxiation.
		Do not inhale product on purpose because of the risk of narcotic effects.
		Uses other than those listed above are not supported, contact your supplier for more
		information on other uses.
1.3. Details of the supp	olier of the safety data she	eet
Company identification		: Irish Oxygen Co Ltd
		Waterfall Road
		T12 PP40 Cork - Ireland
		T 021-4541821 (Mon-Fri 08:30-17:30) www.solgroup.com
		sds@irishoxygen.com
E-Mail address (compete	ent person)	: msds@sol.it
1.4. Emergency teleph	one number	
Emergency telephone nu	umber	: 021-4541821 (Mon-Fri 08:30-17:30)
SECTION 2: Hazar	ds identification	
2.1. Classification of th	ne substance or mixture	
Classification accordin	g to Regulation (EC) No. 1	1272/2008 [CLP]
Physical hazards	Oxidising Gases, Categ	lory 1 H270
	Gases under pressure :	Liquefied gas H280
Health hazards	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis H336	
2.2. Label elements		
Labelling according to	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/	/2008 [CLP]



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Hazard pictograms (CLP)		
	GHS03 GHS04 GHS07	
Signal word (CLP)	: Danger	
Hazard statements (CLP)	: H270 - May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser.	
	H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.	
	H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Precautionary statements (CLP)		
- Prevention	: P260 - Do not breathe gas, vapours.	
	P244 - Keep valves and fittings free from oil and grease.	
	P220 - Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.	
- Response	: P304+P340+P315 - IF INHALED : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position	
	comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical advice / attention.	
	P370+P376 - In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.	
- Storage	: P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.	
Supplemental information	: Do not inhale product on purpose because of the risk of asphyxiation.	
	Do not inhale product on purpose because of the risk of narcotic effects.	

Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Nitrous oxide	CAS-No.: 10024-97-2 EC-No.: 233-032-0 EC Index-No.: REACH registration No: 01-2119970538- 25	100	Ox. Gas 1, H270 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280 STOT SE 3, H336

Contains no other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

3.2. Mixtures Not applicable

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if breathing stopped.</li> </ul>
- Skin contact	: In case of frostbite spray with water for at least 15 minutes. Apply a sterile dressing. Obtain medical assistance.
- Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes.
- Ingestion	: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
	In low concentrations may cause narcotic effects. Symptoms may include dizziness,
	headache, nausea and loss of co-ordination.

See section 11.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance.



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#### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media	: Water spray or fog. Product does not burn, use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet to extinguish.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance	e or mixture
Specific hazards	: Supports combustion. Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.
Hazardous combustion products	: Nitric oxide/nitrogen dioxide.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Specific methods	<ul> <li>Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.</li> <li>If possible, stop flow of product.</li> <li>Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.</li> <li>Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire fighters	<ul> <li>Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing apparatus.</li> <li>Standard EN 943-2: Protective clothing against liquid and gaseous chemicals, aerosols and solid particles. Gas-tight chemical protective suits for emergency teams.</li> <li>Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.</li> </ul>

#### **SECTION 6:** Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equ	ipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: Act in accordance with local emergency plan. Try to stop release. Evacuate area. Eliminate ignition sources.
	Ensure adequate air ventilation.
	Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Stay upwind.
	See section 8 of the SDS for more information on personal protective equipment
For emergency responders	: Monitor concentration of released product.
	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.
	See section 5.3 of the SDS for more information.
6.2. Environmental precautions	
	Try to stop release.
6.3. Methods and material for containment	it and cleaning up
	Ventilate area.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.



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#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Safe use of the product	: Use only lubricants and sealings approved for the specific gas service.
	The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
	Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations.
	Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularily) checked for leaks before use. Do not smoke while handling product.
	Keep equipment free from oil and grease. For more guidance, refer to the EIGA Doc. 33 - Cleaning of Equipment for Oxygen Service downloadable at http://www.eiga.eu. Use no oil or grease.
	Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt.
	Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis. Do not breathe gas.
	Avoid release of product into work area.
	For more guidance on safe use, refer to the EIGA Doc.176 "Safe practices for storage and handling of Nitrous oxide", downloadable at http://www.eiga.org." and consult your supplier. Temperatures above 150°C (300°F) shall be avoided by all practical means, to reduce the likelihood of an explosive decomposition of the nitrous oxide.
	Clean all surfaces in direct contact with nitrous oxide as for oxygen service.
	Nitrous oxide transfer pumps shall be provided with an interlock to prevent dry running.
	Use self-limiting heating devices. Direct contact electric immersion heaters are not allowed.
Safe handling of the gas receptacle	: Refer to supplier's container handling instructions.
	Do not allow backfeed into the container.
	Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop.
	When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders.
	Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use.
	If user experiences any difficulty operating valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices.
	Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier.
	Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container
	is disconnected from equipment.
	Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment.
	Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another.
	Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container.
	Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the content
	of the container.
	Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including a	any incompatibilities
	Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers.
	Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion.
	Container valve guards or caps should be in place.

Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over.

Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.

Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place.

Segregate from flammable gases and other flammable materials in store.

Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Keep away from combustible materials.



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7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters		
Nitrous oxide (10024-97-2)		
Ireland - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Nitrous oxide	
OEL TWA [1]	90 mg/m³	
OEL TWA [2]	50 ppm	
Regulatory reference	Chemical Agents Code of Practice 2020	

Nitrous oxide (10024-97-2)		
DNEL: Derived no effect level (Workers)		
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation		183 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
PNEC (Predicted No-Effect Concentration)	: None establ	ished.
8.2. Exposure controls		
8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls		
	Product to b Systems un Ensure expo Gas detecto	equate general and local exhaust ventilation. The handled in a closed system. The pressure should be regularily checked for leakages. The pressure is below occupational exposure limits (where available). The should be used when oxidising gases may be released. The use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.
8.2.2. Individual protection measures, e.g. pe	rsonal protective e	quipment
• Eye/face protection	risks related The followin PPE complia : Wear goggle	sment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. g recommendations should be considered: ant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected. es when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. N 166 - Personal eye-protection - specifications.
<ul> <li>Skin protection</li> <li>Hand protection</li> <li>Other</li> </ul>	Standard EN Wear cold ir Standard EN : Consider the Standard EN Wear safety	ng gloves when handling gas containers. N 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risk. Insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. N 511 - Cold insulating gloves. e use of flame resistant safety clothing. N ISO 14116 - Limited flame spread materials. r shoes while handling containers. N ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.



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<ul> <li>Respiratory protection</li> <li>Thermal hazards</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Gas filters may be used if all surrounding conditions e.g. type and concentration of the contaminant(s) and duration of use are known.</li> <li>Use gas filters with full face mask, where exposure limits may be exceeded for a short-term period, e.g. connecting or disconnecting containers.</li> <li>Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.</li> <li>Consult respiratory device supplier's product information for the selection of the appropriate device.</li> <li>Gas filters do not protect against oxygen deficiency.</li> <li>Standard EN 14387 - Gas filter(s), combined filter(s) and standard EN136, full face masks .</li> <li>Keep self contained breathing apparatus is recommended, where unknown exposure may be expected, e.g. during maintenance activities on installation systems.</li> <li>None in addition to the above sections.</li> </ul>
8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls	

Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
- Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa	: Gas
- Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Sweetish. Poor warning properties at high concentrations.
Odour threshold	: Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.
pH	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Melting point / Freezing point	: -90.81 °C
Boiling point	: -88.5 °C
Flash point	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Evaporation rate	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Non flammable.
Explosive limits	: Non flammable.
Vapour pressure [20°C]	: 50.8 bar(a)
Vapour pressure [50°C]	: Not applicable.
Vapour density	: Not applicable.
Relative density, liquid (water=1)	: 1.2
Relative density, gas (air=1)	: 1.5
Water solubility	: 1500 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: 0.4
Auto-ignition temperature	: Non flammable.
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: No reliable data available.
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	: Oxidiser.
9.2. Other information	
Molar mass	: 44 g/mol
Critical temperature [°C]	: 36.4 °C
- Coefficient of oxygen equivalency (Ci)	: 0.6
Other data	: Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.



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10.2. Chemical stability	
	Stable under normal conditions.
	At temperatures over 575°C and at atmospheric pressure, nitrous oxide decomposes into nitrogen and oxygen.
	In the presence of catalysts (e.g. halogen products, mercury, nickel, platinum) the rate of decomposition increases and decomposition can occur at even lower temperatures. Nitrous oxide dissociation is irreversible and exothermic, leading to a considerable rise in pressure.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	
	Violently oxidises organic material.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
	Avoid moisture in installation systems.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
	Keep equipment free from oil and grease. For more guidance, refer to the EIGA Doc. 33 - Cleaning of Equipment for Oxygen Service downloadable at http://www.eiga.eu. May react violently with combustible materials. May react violently with reducing agents. For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	
	Linder normal conditions of storage and use hozardous decomposition products abould not
	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1. Information on toxicological effects	
Acute toxicity	: Classification criteria are not met.
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	500000 ppm/4h
Skin corrosion/irritation	No known effects from this product.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: No known effects from this product.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	No known effects from this product.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: No known effects from this product.
Carcinogenicity	: No known effects from this product.
Toxic for reproduction : Fertility	: No known effects from this product.
Toxic for reproduction : unborn child	: No known effects from this product.
STOT-single exposure	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-repeated exposure	: Hemotoxic effect. Neurologic effect. At low concentrations:
Target organ(s)	: Central nervous system. Erythrocytes. Kidneys. liver.
Aspiration hazard	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Other information	Inhalation causes narcotic effects.
SECTION 12: Ecological information	

# 12.1. Toxicity

Assessment	: No ecological damage caused by this product.
EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]	: No data available.
EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l]	: No data available.
LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l]	: No data available.



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<ul> <li>Not applicable for inorganic products. Study scientifically unjustified.</li> <li>Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow &lt; 4).</li> </ul>
• Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow $< 4$ )
$\cdot$ Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4)
See section 9.
: Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution. Partition into soil is unlikely.
: Not classified as PBT or vPvB.
: No known effects from this product.
: No effect on the ozone layer.
: 298
: When discharged in large quantities may contribute to the greenhouse effect. Contains greenhouse gas(es).

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
	Contact supplier if guidance is required.
	Discharge to atmosphere in large quantities should be avoided.
	Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous.
	Ensure that the emission levels from local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded.
	Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at http://www.eiga.org for more guidance on suitable disposal methods.
	Return unused product in original container to supplier.
List of hazardous waste codes (from Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as amended)	: 16 05 04 *: Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances.
13.2. Additional information	

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN UN-No.	: 1070
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)	: NITROUS OXIDE
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	: Nitrous oxide
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: NITROUS OXIDE
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Labelling	
	<ul><li>2.2 : Non-flammable, non-toxic gases.</li><li>5.1 : Oxidizing substances.</li></ul>



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Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)	
Class	: 2
Classification code Hazard identification number	: 20 : 25
Tunnel Restriction	: C/E - Tank carriage : Passage forbidden through tunnels of category C, D and E. Other
	carriage : Passage forbidden through tunnels of category E
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	
Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s))	: 2.2 (5.1)
Transport by sea (IMDG)	
Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s))	: 2.2 (5.1)
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Fire	: F-C
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Spillage	: S-W
14.4. Packing group	
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)	: Not applicable
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	: Not applicable
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)	: None.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	: None.
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: None.
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Packing Instruction(s)	
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)	: P200
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	
Passenger and Cargo Aircraft	: 200.
Cargo Aircraft only	: 200.
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: P200
Special transport precautions	: Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment.
	Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in
	the event of an accident or an emergency.
	Before transporting product containers:
	- Ensure there is adequate ventilation.
	- Ensure that containers are firmly secured.
	- Ensure valve is closed and not leaking.
	- Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.
	- Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of	f Marpol and the IBC Code
	Not applicable.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental reg	ulations/legislation spe	cific for the substance or mixture	
EU-Regulations			
Restrictions on use	: None.		
Seveso Directive : 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)	: Covered.		
National regulations			
Regulatory reference	: Ensure all nati	onal/local regulations are observed.	
15.2. Chemical safety assessment			
	A CSA has be	en carried out.	
SECTION 16: Other information			
Indication of changes	: Revised safety	data sheet in accordance with commission regulati	on (EU) No 2015/830.
Irish Oxygen Co Ltd	en (English)	Reference number: 093A	9/20



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Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008</li> <li>REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006</li> <li>EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances</li> <li>CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number</li> <li>PPE - Personal Protection Equipment</li> <li>LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population</li> <li>RMM - Risk Management Measures</li> <li>PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic</li> <li>vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative</li> <li>STOT - SE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure</li> <li>CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment</li> <li>EN - European Standard</li> <li>UN - United Nations</li> <li>ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>IATA - International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>IATA - International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>IATA - International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>IATA - International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> <li>WGK - Water Hazard Class</li> <li>STOT - RE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure</li> <li>UF1 : Unique Formula Identifier</li> <li>None.</li> <li>Classification in accordance with the procedures and calculation methods of Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP).</li> <li>Key literature references and sources of data are maintained in EIGA doc 169 :</li> </ul>
DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY	<ul> <li>'Classification and Labelling Guide', downloadable at http://www.Eiga.eu.</li> <li>Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out. Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press. Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.</li> </ul>



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#### Annex to the safety data sheet

This Annex documents the Exposure Scenarios (ESs) related to the identified uses of the registered substance. The ESs detail protective measures for workers and the environment in addition to those described in sections 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13 of the SDS that are required to ensure that the potential exposure to workers and the environment remains within acceptable levels for each of the identified uses.

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Annex to the safety data sheet

### Nitrous oxide

Reference number: 093A CAS-No.: 10024-97-2 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

#### 1. EIGA093-1: Industrial uses, closed contained conditions

#### 1.1. Title section

	Industrial uses, closed contained conditions	
	ES Ref.: EIGA093-1 Revision date: 31/01/2017 Industrial uses, including product transfers and associated laboratory activities within different closed or contained systems	
Processes, tasks, activities covered		
Environment	Use descriptors	
CS1		
Worker	Use descriptors	
CS2		

652		
CS3		
CS4		
CS5		
Assessment method	MEASE EUSES v2.1	

#### 1.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

#### 1.2.1. Control of environmental exposure:

Product (article) characteristics	
Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)	
Annual site tonnage:	250
Emission Days (days/year)	365

Technical and organisational conditions and measures	
Soil emission controls are not applicable as there is no direct release to soil. No additional requirement	
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise releases	



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### Nitrous oxide

Reference number: 093A

CAS-No.: 10024-97-2 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	
Wastewater emission controls are not applicable as there is no direct release to wastewater	

Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)
See section 13 of the SDS. No additional information

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure	
No additional information	

#### 1.2.2. Control of worker exposure:

Product (article) characteristics	
Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure	
The actual tonnage handled per shift is not considered to influence the exposure as such for this scenario. Instead, the combination of the scale of operation and level of containment/automation (as reflected in the technical conditions) is the main determinant of the process-intrinsic emission potential.	
Duration of task	≤ 8 h/day
Exposure duration	Occasional exposure, e.g. during maintenance and sampling, connecting/ disconnecting containers .
Covers frequency up to:	5 days/week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures	
Handle product within a closed system	
During indoor processes or in cases where natural ventilation is not sufficient, LEV should be in place at points were emissions could occur. Outdoor, LEV is not generally required.	
Fill containers at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation.	
Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation.	
Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.	
Apply a good standard of general or controlled ventilation when maintenance activities are carried out.	
See sections 2 and 7 of the SDS.	
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure	



Annex to the safety data sheet

### Nitrous oxide

Reference number: 093A

CAS-No.: 10024-97-2 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

Ensure supervision is in place to check that the RMMs are in place and are being used	
correctly and that the OCs are being followed	

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	
Personal protection measures have to be applied in case of potential exposure only.	
See section 8 of the SDS.	

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

#### 1.2.3. Control of worker exposure:

Product (article) characteristics	
Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure	
The actual tonnage handled per shift is not considered to influence the exposure as such for this scenario. Instead, the combination of the scale of operation and level of containment/automation (as reflected in the technical conditions) is the main determinant of the process-intrinsic emission potential.	
Duration of task	≤ 8 h/day
Exposure duration	Occasional exposure, e.g. during maintenance and sampling, connecting/ disconnecting containers .
Covers frequency up to:	5 days/week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures	
Handle product within a closed system	
During indoor processes or in cases where natural ventilation is not sufficient, LEV should be in place at points were emissions could occur. Outdoor, LEV is not generally required.	
Fill containers at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation.	
Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation.	
Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.	
Apply a good standard of general or controlled ventilation when maintenance activities are carried out.	
See sections 2 and 7 of the SDS.	
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure	
Ensure supervision is in place to check that the RMMs are in place and are being used correctly and that the OCs are being followed	



Annex to the safety data sheet

### Nitrous oxide

Reference number: 093A

CAS-No.: 10024-97-2 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation		
Personal protection measures have to be applied in case of potential exposure only.		
See section 8 of the SDS.		

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

#### 1.2.4. Control of worker exposure:

Product (article) characteristics		
Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information	
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %	

Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure	
The actual tonnage handled per shift is not considered to influence the exposure as such for this scenario. Instead, the combination of the scale of operation and level of containment/automation (as reflected in the technical conditions) is the main determinant of the process-intrinsic emission potential.	
Duration of task	≤ 8 h/day
Exposure duration	Occasional exposure, e.g. during maintenance and sampling, connecting/ disconnecting containers .
Covers frequency up to:	5 days/week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures		
Handle product within a closed system		
During indoor processes or in cases where natural ventilation is not sufficient, LEV should be in place at points were emissions could occur. Outdoor, LEV is not generally required.		
Fill containers at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation.		
Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation.		
Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.		
Apply a good standard of general or controlled ventilation when maintenance activities are carried out.		
See sections 2 and 7 of the SDS.		
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure		
Ensure supervision is in place to check that the RMMs are in place and are being used correctly and that the OCs are being followed		

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection measures have to be applied in case of potential exposure only.



Annex to the safety data sheet

### Nitrous oxide

Reference number: 093A CAS-No.: 10024-97-2 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

See section 8 of the SDS.	
Other conditions affecting workers exposure	
Indoor use	

#### 1.2.5. Control of worker exposure:

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Product (article) characteristics	
Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure		
The actual tonnage handled per shift is not considered to influence the exposure as such for this scenario. Instead, the combination of the scale of operation and level of containment/automation (as reflected in the technical conditions) is the main determinant of the process-intrinsic emission potential.		
Duration of task	≤ 8 h/day	
Exposure duration	Occasional exposure, e.g. during maintenance and sampling, connecting/ disconnecting containers .	
Covers frequency up to:	5 days/week	

Technical and organisational conditions and measures		
Handle product within a closed system		
During indoor processes or in cases where natural ventilation is not sufficient, LEV should be in place at points were emissions could occur. Outdoor, LEV is not generally required.		
Fill containers at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation.		
Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation.		
Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.		
Apply a good standard of general or controlled ventilation when maintenance activities are carried out.		
See sections 2 and 7 of the SDS.		
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure		
Ensure supervision is in place to check that the RMMs are in place and are being used correctly and that the OCs are being followed		

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	
Personal protection measures have to be applied in case of potential exposure only.	
See section 8 of the SDS.	



Annex to the safety data sheet

### Nitrous oxide

Reference number: 093A

CAS-No.: 10024-97-2 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

#### 1.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### 1.3.1. Environmental release and exposure:

The exposure of aquatic, terrestrial, sediment and sewage treatment microorganisms is considered to be negligible because the substance partitions primarily to air when released to the environment. ,The resulting environmental exposure is not expected to add significantly to already present background levels of the gas in the environment

#### 1.3.2. Worker exposure:

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	Assessment conditions	RCR
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	0.018 mg/m³	Indoor use , General ventilation, Without LEV, MEASE	0

#### 1.3.3. Worker exposure:

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	Assessment conditions	RCR
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	14.937 mg/m³	Indoor use , General ventilation, Without LEV, MEASE	0.082

#### 1.3.4. Worker exposure:

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	Assessment conditions	RCR
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	_	Indoor use , General ventilation, Without LEV, MEASE	0.204

#### 1.3.5. Worker exposure:

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	Assessment conditions	RCR
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5	Indoor use , General ventilation, Without LEV, MEASE	0.408

#### 1.4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### 1.4.1. Environment

Guidance - Environment Chec	that RMMs and OCs are as described above or of equivalent efficiency
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#### 1.4.2. Health

Guidance - Health	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all	
	sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management	
	measures. For scaling see : MEASE model available at: http://www.ebrc.de/industrial-	
	chemicals-reach/projects-and-references/mease.php	



Annex to the safety data sheet

### Nitrous oxide

Reference number: 093A CAS-No.: 10024-97-2 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

#### 2. EIGA093-2: Professional uses in open conditions.

#### 2.1. Title section

	Professional uses in open conditions.	
	ES Ref.: EIGA093-2 Revision date: 31/01/2017	
Processes, tasks, activities covered	Professional uses of a processing aid in non-industrial settings.	
Environment	Use descriptors	
CS1		
Worker	Use descriptors	
CS2		
Assessment method	ConsExpo	

#### 2.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

#### 2.2.1. Control of environmental exposure:

Product (article) characteristics	
Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

EUSES v2.1

Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)	
No additional information	

Technical and organisational conditions and measures	
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure	

#### Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

No additional information

#### Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)

See section 13 of the SDS. No additional information



Annex to the safety data sheet

### Nitrous oxide

Reference number: 093A

CAS-No.: 10024-97-2 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure	
No additional information	

#### 2.2.2. Control of worker exposure:

Product (article) characteristics	
Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure	
Maximum daily site tonnage	0.5
Duration of task	≤ 8 h/day
Exposure duration	Individual events, not totalling more than 1hour, per working day.

Technical and organisational conditions and measures	
General ventilation	
See sections 2 and 7 of the SDS.	
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure. Ensure supervision is in place to check that the RMMs are in place and are being used correctly and that the OCs are being followed	

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	
See section 8 of the SDS. Personal protection measures have to be applied in case of potential exposure only.	

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

#### 2.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### 2.3.1. Environmental release and exposure:

The exposure of aquatic, terrestrial, sediment and sewage treatment microorganisms is considered to be negligible because the substance partitions primarily to air when released to the environment. ,The resulting environmental exposure is not expected to add significantly to already present background levels of the gas in the environment

#### 2.3.2. Worker exposure:

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	Assessment conditions	RCR
Acute - Local - Inhalation	158 mg/m³	Indoor use , General ventilation, Without LEV, ConsExpo	

# IRISHOXYGEN

# Exposure scenario

Annex to the safety data sheet

### Nitrous oxide

Reference number: 093A

CAS-No.: 10024-97-2 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

#### 2.4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### 2.4.1. Environment

Guidance - Environment	Check that RMMs and OCs are as described above or of equivalent efficiency
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#### 2.4.2. Health

Guidance - Health	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all
	sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. For scaling see : ConsExpo model available at:
	http://www.rivm.nl/en/Topics/Topics/C/ConsExpo/Spray_model

End of document